

OUR REDPATH

CHAUTAUQUA

Was a Great Success, and Every-body Greatly Pleased With The Fine Program.

The Redpath Chautauqua which spent such a delightful week with us, beginning Friday June 23rd and ending June 30th folded their tents silently and like the Arab stole away Friday night after Madame Claussen's performance. The earliest risers Saturday morning could find no trace of the vast tent or any of the Redpath property on the lot so recently enlivened by their speakers, singers and musicians.

The engagement here was highly satisfactory and the management especially pleasing. The Superintendent, Rev. H. N. Barbee of Mayfield was the right man in the right place and won a warm place in the hearts of our people and to him much credit is due for the 1917 engagement of the Redpath Chautauqua for Marion. The gate men and all the attaches were polite and affable, and were courteous in their deportment with all patrons or others who came in contact with them.

Now as to the attractions there was no complaint. The morning lecturer, Mr. W. B. Amsbury and the children's worker, Miss Elsie Cummings, were both up to the former standard in quality if not in number of their appearances.

Friday afternoon and evening the Killarney Girls entertained the crowd under most trying conditions as a flood second only to Noah's fell during the day which prevented many from hearing Mr. Wm. Rainey Bennett although everyone who heard him on a previous engagement wished to have that pleasure again. Weatherwax brothers who were pleasantly remembered having appeared here on the Lyceum Bureau a few years ago, were given an enthusiastic reception Saturday afternoon and evening.

Monday afternoon's attraction was Ng Poon Chew, the Chinese statesman and scholar, whose "New Orient and its relation to us," was much appreciated.

The Parish Players were encored frequently and by many their entertainment was awarded first place in the entire program for genuine pleasure. The Schuman Quintette Tuesday afternoon and evening was good and they were encored. And the White Hussars were a winning number drawing big crowds to both their engagements. Ernest Harold Baynes' lecture on "My Wild Bird Friends," was one of the best attractions of the Chautauqua, and as a result we are to have a bird club in Marion. The Bird Masque Sanctuary Thursday evening was a taking number, and was complimented by many who enjoyed the rendition. One enjoyable feature was the participation in the play of thirty-six local young people.

Friday afternoon was looked forward to with much pleasure by all who remembered Dr. E. T. Hagerman, a star attraction at a previous Chautauqua. His lecture, "The World We Live In," should make all prepared to enjoy and appreciate the world we do live in.

Probably Prima Donna Claussen was boomed too much, or

probably some of our folks are unable to appreciate such high class work as she does assisted by Pierre Henrotte and Marcel Charlier, for if we are not mistaken any of the numbers given on previous dates were enjoyed fully as much. However we should remember her place was the most trying and exacting one as her audience, after a week of entertainment was too critical, and to many may have enjoyed it, whom we did not hear express themselves. Suffice it is to say that the Chautauqua as a whole was pleasing to our people as evidenced by the hearty manner in which they responded to John W. Wilson's solicitations for subscriptions and guarantors for 1917. The number he obtained being double that of any previous season. So now we all look forward with pleasurable anticipations to the 1917 Chautauqua, the exact date will be made known through these columns in due time. It is to the credit of our business men that we can secure a \$1750 attraction and that next year there is to be a Crittenden county day, when tickets of admission will be given to several hundred young and worthy Crittenden countians, under some plan of which we are not yet advised by the local Committee.

An Evansville Man Weds One of Crittenden's Fair Daughters.

Wednesday June 28th Mr. Wm Edwards, of Evansville, Ind., came to Marion on the 9:45 train and after procuring the necessary papers was united in marriage to Miss Nonie Horning in the parlor of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Worley on Court Street.

Rev. U. G. Hughes officiating. While the groom is a stranger to us he is a man of fine appearance and we trust the bride has been fortunate in winning his heart and hand. He is engaged in the mercantile business in his city.

The bride is one of the charming daughter of George Horning of the Crittenden Springs community. She is an accomplished young lady and will grace the home of him who was so fortunate as to win her. They left on the evening train for their future home in Evansville.

We wish them much joy, happiness and success through life.

Madame Julia Claussen.

Madame Julia Claussen, her husband, her daughters, Pierre Henrotte her violinist his wife and daughter, Marcel Charlier her pianist, and Miss Wood the Governess of the Misses Claussen, and Mr. Hudson the manager of transportation, a total of ten people were quite a distinguished party stopping in our city last Friday.

They traveled in a private car which was pretty hot when side-tracked in the R. R. yards in the sun and they appreciated and enjoyed the hospitable shade and beautiful lawn at the Baker home near the station and were given a hearty welcome there, by the little Mistress of the home, Miss Gladys Baker.

To show their appreciation Miss Gladys was given several automobile rides about the city, "showing the visitors the sights" and she was invited to be a member of their party at the performance that evening at Chautauqua tent. Everyone should be kind to strangers, it is never forgotten, but on the contrary is remembered and appreciated by all people of refinement.

United States Super-Dreadnought New York

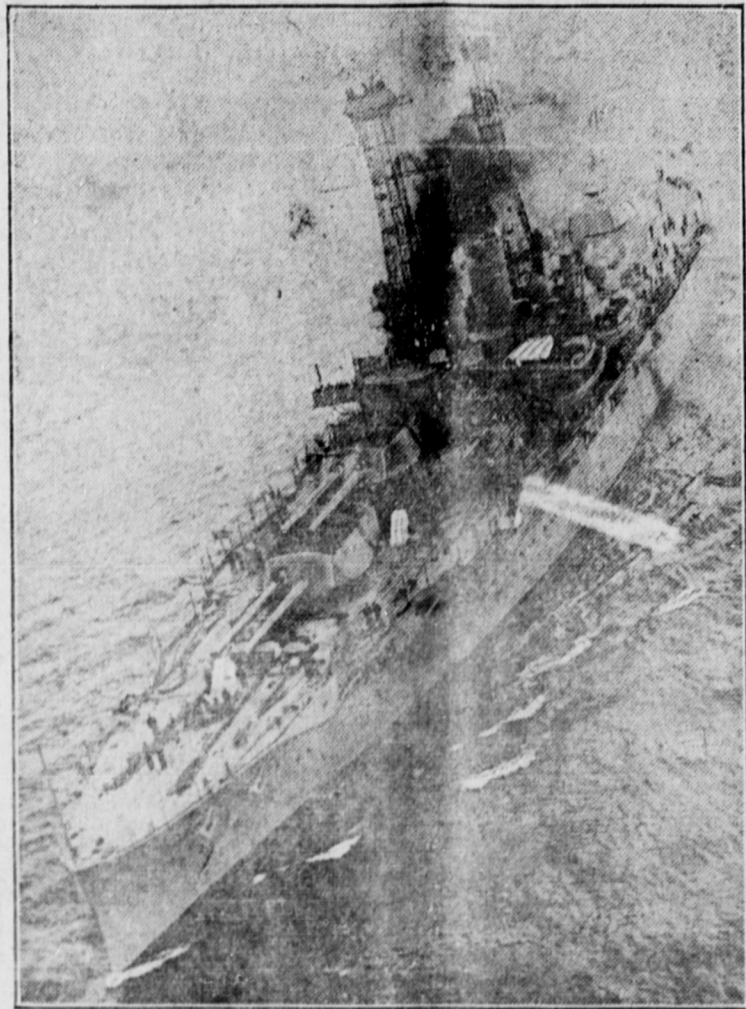


Photo by American Press Association.

The monster New York is a 27,000-ton warship, 573 feet long. She carries ten fourteen-inch guns. There are 1,014 officers and men in her crew.

To All Bird Lovers.

A meeting is called for Friday evening, July 7th 7:30 P. M. at the School Auditorium to perfect permanent organization of Bird Club. All are invited to attend. It is free. J. F. Dodge President.

LOYD'S BRAIN LEAKS

Ed Baker says you can't make the young folks believe it but it is about a million times easier to get married than it is to stay married.

Newt Dollar says if some women were not dressed that way you would never be able to guess that they were in mourning.

Uncle Billie Loyd says a man always talks too much during his courtship but he never realized the fact until after he is married.

Miss Vina Harper who is a good cook always snorts with indignation when she sees a cooking school graduate weigh and measure everything she puts into what she is going to prepare.

Mrs. Albert Elder said to Mrs. Duer my husband says I've made another man out of him. You'd better look out or the first thing you know he'll be looking around for another man's wife.

He had been courting the girl for a long time. It happened on Sunday night after church. They were sitting on the back porch and she looked with ineffable tenderness into his noble blue eyes. Tom she murmured, didn't you tell me once that you would be willing to do any act of heroism for my sake. Yes Mattie, I would gladly repeat the statement now, he replied. Well Tom I want you to do something really heroic for me. Speak on darling what is it? Ask me to be your wife, we've been fooling long enough.

Uncle Tom Carlton says I never knew but one man who never told a lie to his wife. He was a bachelor.

Ed Baker says, the man who has a small salary and a big family has as much trouble making both ends meet as a puppy does when he is chasing his own tail.

Big Storm Here Monday

Monday afternoon there was a downpour of rain accompanied by wind, thunder and lightning and hail. The extreme heat was almost unbearable and the mercury which had soared up in the 90s for several days took a tumble so that Monday night and since then the weather has been quite pleasant. The hail which fell here soon melted but was as large as the end of ones fore finger.

Ed Sims, Col. Killed.

At Kuttawa last Wednesday afternoon Green Griffith, a negro of that place, shot and killed Ed Sims, a negro of this city. The shooting occurred about 4 o'clock and Sims only lived about two hours.

The facts in the case are about as follows: Griffith, who works at a livery stable there upon going to his home found his daughter and Sims in a room with the door locked and called on them to unlock the door and let him in, but failing to receive any response, entered the room through a window, and picked up a shotgun that was in the room and shot Sims in the forehead, tearing away the top of his head.

Griffith is 49 years old while Sims was 19. Sims was buried here Friday afternoon.—Leader.

NEW HARDWARE FIRM

R. E. Flanary Buys Interest of John A. Moore.

By a deal which was consummated this week, the firm of Moore & Daughtrey becomes Flanary & Daughtrey, Mr. John A. Moore selling his interest to Mr. R. E. Flanary.

The inventory has been taken and the deal closed. We have not heard what Mr. Moore will do, but he probably will resume the practice of law.

The firm is composed of two of our most successful farmers, both self-made men, who have put in an apprenticeship at farming and know the needs of Crittenden county farmers and are amply able financially to take care of all the trade which will favor them with patronage.

The new member of the firm is well known to most every man in the county, having been born and reared near Crittenden Springs and having resided here many years in the old Blue homestead which is his property.

Mr. Daughtrey lives in his own property purchased recently of J. B. Kevil, on East Depot street.

Double Taxation Scored.

Ashland, Ky. July 1.—The Kentucky Tax Commission met citizens of Ashland at the Elks Home yesterday afternoon to discuss the important question of taxation. Senator Hite H. Huffaker, of Louisville, as chairman of the commission, presided. T. M. Adams, president of the Norton Iron Works, made the attack on the double taxation system in the strongest terms and said the Kentucky tax on foreign corporations was a two edged sword. It cuts right and left, he said; it drives capitol from the state. Present at this meeting were Senator Hite H. Huffaker, of Louisville; Senator S. R. Glenn Eddyville; Senator H. M. Brock, Harlan; T. T. Gardner, Bardwell; G. L. Pickett, Shelbyville; R. B. Hutchcraft, Paris; Clarence E. Walker Louisville.

Julius Fohs Makes Valuable

Donation to Kendal College.

Mr. David B. Fohs shipped this week forty-six cases of rocks, the rock and fossil collection of his brother, Mr. Julius F. Fohs of Tulsa, Okla., which will be donated to Kendal College at that place, of which Prof. Chas. Evans is at the head. The collection will be known as the "Fohs Collection" and contains many rare specimens, and mostly from Crittenden county mines.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE.

AN IMPORTANT LAW ENACTED

To All Who Are Now Holding, or May Hereafter Hold Unrecorded Deeds or Mortgages.

For the benefit of all who are now holding, or may hereafter hold unrecorded deeds or mortgages, I hereby publish a new law enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky at its last session. "No deed or deed of trust or mortgage conveying a legal or equitable title to real or personal estate shall be valid against a purchaser for a valuable consideration, without notice thereof, or against creditors, until such deed or mortgage shall be acknowledged or proved according to law, and lodged for record. "The word creditors as used herein shall include all creditors irrespective of whether or not they may have acquired a lien by legal or equitable proceedings or by voluntary conveyance."

I now have 495 unrecorded deeds on file in my office, which under this law, do not guarantee good title to your property until recorded.

Respectfully,
L. E. Guess, C. C.

NEW HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

The Bonds Were Voted In Last Saturday Afternoon, By a Vote of 239 to Eight.

In the election held last Saturday to vote \$10,000 to pay for the city's part on the new consolidated High School which is to be built and controlled by the county and town, there were 247 votes cast—239 for the new building (and a better Marion and Crittenden county) and 8 against it. The vote as cast Saturday shows how nearly the people of Marion stand as one when issues which have to do with a better town and county are before them.

The people of Marion are proud of their school and in the election Saturday it seemed that most of the parents of Marion were glad to have an opportunity of voting an extra tax upon themselves in order that their children, and the other children of the county may have the chance to get an education.

The location for the new building will be determined soon and work will begin at once on this building which will be one of the most up-to-date in this part of the state. The school management has been very much embarrassed for the last few months, because with the room and equipment of the old building they would be unable to take more pupils in High School. By voting the bonds necessary, the school will be able to care for all who wish to enter school in September. Mr. Christian and Mr. Franklin both wear a smile that won't come off because they realize now that they will be able to care for the many deserving young men and women who have been asking for tuition in the Marion High School. An extra teacher will be added to the High School Faculty this year.

Resents The Introduction of an Automobile into the Family.

One of the most pathetic deaths to occur in Marion this season was that of "Don" Boston on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock in the grass lot in the rear of his master's mansion. "Don" was the name of the gray buggy horse used for many years by the Bostonians and he was a pet and never given very hard tasks. He sulked considerably last week when Miss Susie was seen to pass him in a "New Maxwell" and grew perceptibly worse when Ted and Maurie spinned by him without speaking. The climax of his troubles came Tuesday when he saw the boss himself cautiously driving the car out Bellville street, "Don" went to the rear of the lot, whirled around a few times and fell over. Altho attended promptly by the best veterinarian in the city he refused to rise and soon breathed his last.

NEW CEMETERY LOTS TO BE ADVANCED.

The Marion Cemetery Committee will sell lots at \$25.00 each until August 1st, after that date the price will be \$30.00.

Nelle Walker Secretary.



"Full weight" and every ounce "good paint"

Hanna's Green Seal Paint gives you good, honest full weight, without any cheap adulterants being added to merely make it seem "heavy."

The real test of any paint's value is in its ability to cover large surfaces well, and right there is where Green Seal excels.

It is made conscientiously to give you good wear.

Hanna's Green-Seal

Sold by
Moore & Daughtrey.

Giving The Housewife More Than She Demands

During these days of the high cost of living the shrewd housewife demands her money's worth in all the food she buys. To demand it is one thing, but to actually receive it is another.

You have a way of detecting short measure but how do you know you are not receiving inferior quality?

In purchasing foodstuffs how do you determine whether or not you are receiving your full money's worth? Do you buy a certain brand because your mother or grandmother always used it? Science has improved foodstuffs like everything else. If you use a certain brand because it has proven "satisfactory to you" how can you be sure that you are getting the best, keeping abreast with the times, getting the latest improvements?

In deciding upon different brands of foodstuffs there is only one way to prove which gives the fullest value at any price, and that one way is results—that which proves "Best by Test."

A few manufactures of food products guarantee to refund your money if their brands do not prove best. Such firms and their products should be patronized. Among these are the makers of Calumet Baking Powder.

WHY YOU ARE NERVOUS

The nervous system is the alarm system of the human body.

In perfect health we hardly realize that we have a network of nerves, but when health is ebbing, when strength is declining, the same nervous system gives the alarm in headaches, tiredness, dreamful sleep, irritability and unless corrected, leads straight to a breakdown.

To correct nervousness, Scott's Emulsion is exactly what you should take; its rich nutrient gets into the blood and rich blood feeds the tiny nerve-cells while the whole system responds to its refreshing tonic force. It is free from alcohol.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

This Railroad Trip Would Cost You \$700,000,000,000

In the July American Magazine John Brasher says:

"If you could ride from the earth to Alpha Centauri, on a train going at the rate of a mile a minute, you would reach your destination in forty-eight million years. At the rate sound travels, if a song were to be sung on Alpha Centauri it would be three million eight hundred thousand years before we could hear it.

This neighbor of ours is thirty-five trillion miles away. A spiders thread from a cocoon reaching to it would weigh five hundred tons.

"Our earth in its revolutions on its own axis and its trip around the sun and outward into space makes a journey of nine hundred and eighty four million miles

a year; but the old clock never varies; there is never a jar or tremor, and we are back again on the hundredth of a second.

Do you know it would have cost me one billion five hundred dollars if I had to pay my way so far at the rate of two cents a mile during my journey of seventy-five years."

To ride from the earth to Alpha Centauri would cost seven hundred billion dollars.

New Meat Market.

I have purchased the meat market of J. W. Givens & Son, and will keep on hand at all times the best meats that can be secured. On account of limited capital I am compelled to sell for cash, and those who have opened a charge account are expected to pay every Monday.

6154t. S. M. Weldon.

COLUMBUS VILLA RAIDERS HUNG

Last Four Put To Death At Deming. Cool As Nooses Are Adjusted

Deming, N. M. June 30.—Four Villa bandits, all Columbus raiders were hanged at the county jail here today.

The men were put to death in pairs. Ensevi C. Renteria and Taurino Garcia were hanged first then Jose Rangel and Jan Castillo. The four men were calm.

Rangel smoked as the noose was adjusted. None would say anything except Garcia who "hoped God would forgive his enemies." This completes the cases of the Columbus raiders.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GLENDAL

Lummie Clark suffered great pain last week from having gotten a bit of steel in his eye from the crusher at the Commodore mines where he works.

Virginia Jennings little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Jennings is improving from malaria fever.

Miss Ruth Enoch and Frank Belt attended church at Hebron

Sunday.

Kelly Larue wife and son of Deer Creek were guests W. M. Hurley and family Sat. night and Sunday.

Miss Mary Hurley and W. E. Todd attended the Southern harmony singing at Union the fourth Sunday.

Mr. Geo. Horning and daughter Miss Cora attended the marriage of their daughter, and sister Miss Nona Horning in Marion last week.

Miss Myrtle Thomas attended the Horsing-Edwards marriage.

William Yates of Marion is the guest of his aunt Mrs. Lummie Clark.

Miss Eva Lynn of near Sheridan attended Sunday School here last Sunday.

On Wednesday night of this week Bro. Gebauer gives a lecture here.

MAKES RAPID HEADWAY

Add This Fact to Your Store of Knowledge

Kidney diseases often advance so rapidly that many a person is firmly in its grasp before aware of its progress. Prompt attention should be given the slightest symptom of kidney disorder. If there is a dull pain in the back, headaches, dizzy spells or a tired worn-out feeling, or if the kidney secretion is offensive, irregular and attended with pain, procure a good kidney remedy at once.

Thousands recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Read the statement below. W. H. Smith, 315 Elizabeth St. Paducah, Ky., says: "I suffered for years from kidney trouble and was steadily growing worse. My back ached constantly and I had pain across my kidneys. The kidney secretions were highly colored and proved that my kidneys were out of order. Finally I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and to my delight, they gave me prompt relief. I continued using them until cured. During the time that has since passed, I have had no kidney complaint.

Prices 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get cured Doan's Kidney Pills—the same as Mr. Smith. Foster-Milburn Co. Props., Buffalo, N. Y. 55

Horning-Edwards

On Wednesday afternoon June 28, 1916 in Marion, Ky. Miss Nona Horning of the Crittenden Springs section and Mr. William Edwards of Evansville Ind. were united in marriage. They left on the afternoon train for his home.

Mrs. Edwards is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Horning and is a splendid girl of charming personalities. Mr. Edwards is a stranger here but come highly recommended and we wish for them a happy prosperous voyage through life.

KENTUCKY GETS NICE ROAD SUM

Federal Bill Will Afford \$1,509,000 in Next Five Years.

Washington, June 30.—Under the terms of the Good Roads bill, finally agreed to by the House, Kentucky will receive \$1,509,000 from the federal government for improvement of her highways during the next five years, provided the state "puts up" a like amount. The bill provides that the following sums shall be paid to Kentucky for highway improve-

MUSTANG

For Sprains, Lameness, Sore, Cuts, Rheumatism Penetrates and Heals— Stops Pain At Once For Man and Beast 25c. 50c. \$1. At All Dealers.

LINIMENT

ment during the next five years.

beginning July 1 1916:
First year \$100,600.
Second year, \$201,200.
Third year, \$301,800.
Fourth year, \$402,402.
Fifth year, \$503,400.

Assuming that the state will acquiesce in the half-and half plan for state highway improvement, an aggregate \$3,018,000 will be expended during the next five years for the improvement of Kentucky highways.

The bill provides that under the dollar-for-dollar plan Indiana shall expend \$2,114,000 for improving her roads, as against \$1,509,000 Kentucky will expend for the same purpose.

TRAIN MOVES KEPT SECRET

Illinois Central Ordered Not to Give Out Information on Time. Arrival

Acting under instruction from Secretary of War Baker and General Manager T. J. Foley, of the Illinois Central railroad company local railroad officials this morning refused to give out any information regarding the movement of the troop train expected through Paducah this evening sometime after 6 o'clock enroute to the Mexican border from New York. Movement of the train, which consists of fifty-one coaches, is clothed in secrecy and those who desire to see the soldiers as they pass through Paducah will have to be at Union station for an indefinite period.

Advices regarding secrecy of the troop movement were received by telegraph this morning from the office of the trainmaster at Princeton, who had received instructions from General Manager Foley at Chicago. Sun.

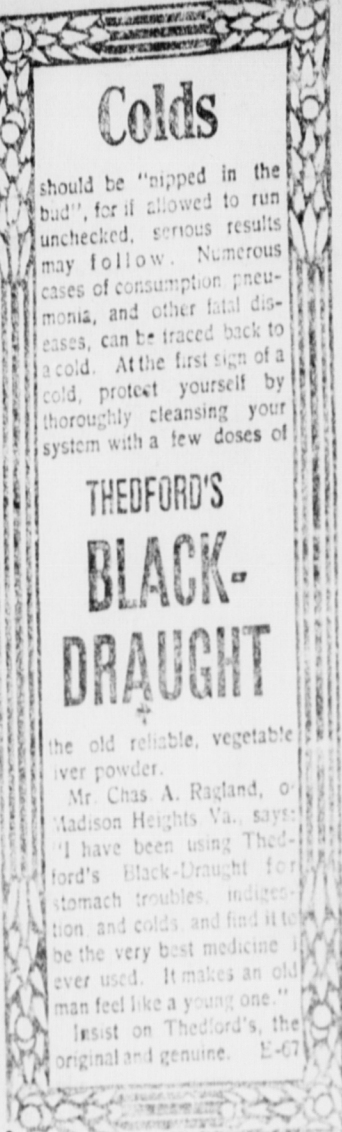
BAD TO HAVE A COLD HANG ON

Don't let your cold hang on, rack your system and become chronic when Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will help you. It heals the inflammation, soothes the cough and loosens the phlegm. You breathe easier at once. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is a laxative Tar Syrup, the pine tar balsam heals the raw spots, loosens the mucus and prevents irritation of the bronchial tubes. Just get a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey to-day, its guaranteed to help you. At druggists.

Mrs. Clarence Gilliland's Father Dies in Miss --Buried at Sturgis

Sturgis, Ky., June 29.—The remains of Major W. H. Hoyt, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Clarence Gilliland, and Mr. Gilliland, and son W. H. Hoyt, Jr., were brought back to this, his old home Tuesday morning and interred by the side of his wife in Pythian Ridge cemetery. Mr. Hoyt quietly passed away on Sunday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Gilliland in Rolling Fork, Miss. For two years his health had been very feeble and for the last two months was confined to his bed.

Since the death of his wife, four years ago, he had made his home with Mrs. Gilliland in Mississippi. Mr. Hoyt is survived by his daughter, a son, Mr. W. H. Hoyt, Jr. who is in the automobile business in St. Louis, and a stepson, Mr. J. T. Truitt, of this place, a brother, Mr. Columbus Hoyt, and a sister, Mrs. Will Dolph, both of Grangertown. He was married about thirty years ago, to Mrs. Mary Taylor Truitt and lived in Sturgis nearly all of his married life. He was a great reader and a man of unusual intellect for his time and opportunity. He served as major in the union ranks of the Civil war and was at one time aid to Gen. Grant. He loved the cause for which he fought to the end of his life and among his greatest pleasures were his visits to the Old Soldiers' Home where he would frequently go for a



Colds

should be "nipped in the bud", for if allowed to run unchecked, serious results may follow. Numerous cases of consumption, pneumonia, and other fatal diseases, can be traced back to a cold. At the first sign of a cold, protect yourself by thoroughly cleansing your system with a few doses of

THEODOR'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

the old reliable, vegetable liver powder.

Mr. Chas. A. Ragland, of Madison Heights Va., says: "I have been using Theodor's Black-Draught for stomach troubles, indigestion, and colds, and find it to be the very best medicine ever used. It makes an old man feel like a young one." Insist on Theodor's, the original and genuine. E-G

short stay. One by one the Old Guard is passing, but their lives and character leave many pleasant memories. To the family we express our sympathy in their bereavement.

If you knew you could save at least the freight on a drayage on pianos, players, victrolas and organs then could we sell you? Well you can at least do that and in most cases much more. Our line of instruments are the best known. Most reliable strongest guaranteed goods known. Many people who know good goods buy them and are glad to recommend them. Some of the best people and most talented musicians in this country will vouch for this broad statement. We will greatly appreciate your trade. See us in Stegar Bldg. Main St. Marion, Ky YATESBROS.

SEVEN SPRINGS.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Patton June 11th 1916, a 8-12 lb. girl. Mother and babe getting along nicely.

Dr. Roy Waddell of Salem was called to this section to see Mrs. Elzie Campbell who is quite sick.

Mrs. Tom Wring of near Vicksburg was visiting her sister Mrs. M. L. Patton in this vicinity last week.

The moving picture at the Boaz School house Tuesday night was largely attended.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Belnear June 14, 1916, a fine girl.

Bob Stubblefield and wife and daughter Misses Ina and Fannie Travis and Floyd Simpkins and family of near Emmaus were visiting M. L. Patton and family in this vicinity last week.

The farmers here are busy this week cutting their wheat and oats.

Several from here attended the funeral and burial of Jessie Charles at Groves Chapel Sunday

Earl Belle and wife of near Dycusburg were visiting Miss Myrtle Patton and children Sunday.

Will Eaton purchased a nice horse and buggy last week.

John Patton of near Mexico

was visiting his sister Mrs. L. McClure Sunday.

Jim Bennette and wife of Dycusburg passed through this vicinity Saturday afternoon.

There will be Mission Day at Seven Springs the second Sunday in July. This will be an all day service dinner on the ground. Everybody invited to attend.

Miss Sarah Patton spent part of last week with her daughter Mrs. J. C. Kinsolvin near Emmaus.

Mrs. Bessie Boazman is very sick and under the care of a physician.

Misses Leecie and Fleta LaRue of near Levias were pleasant callers in our vicinity a few days ago. Miss Leecie taught us a fine school at Boaz district two years ago, and the people here are always glad to welcome her here any time.

Mrs. Sarah Campbell of near Emmaus visited her relatives here last week.

We are having fine rains this summer and it keeps a fellow hustling to keep the weeds down.

ELECTRIC HEATING DEVICES.

THE perfection of the American Beauty Rose is expressed in the high quality of the "American Beauty" Electric Heating Devices, in so far as man can approach Nature's perfect workmanship.

The Devices of the "American" Brand can be attached to the ordinary electric lamp socket and are instantly ready to give service. They make many household duties pleasant, easy and inexpensive.

Insist on getting "American" Electric Heating Devices, and you will be sure of the most complete and satisfactory service.

Write us for catalog and price list. Sent free on request.

THE JAMES CLARK JR., ELECTRIC COMPANY, Louisville, - - - Kentucky

KINGBIRD

(Tyrannus tyrannus)



Length, about eight and one-half inches. The white lower surface and white-tipped tail distinguish this flycatcher.

Range: Breeds throughout the United States (except the southwestern part) and southern Canada; winters from Mexico to South America.

Habits and economic status: The kingbird is a pronounced enemy of hawks and crows, which it vigorously attacks at every opportunity, thereby affording efficient protection to nearby poultry yards and young chickens at large. It loves the open country and is especially fond of orchards and trees about farm buildings. No less than 85 per cent of its food consists of insects, mostly of a harmful nature. It eats the common rose chaffer or rose bug, and more remarkable still it devours blister beetles freely. The bird has been accused of eating honeybees to an injurious extent, but there is little ground for the accusation, as appears from the fact that examination of 634 stomachs showed only 61 bees in 23 stomachs. Of these 51 were useless drones. On the other hand, it devours robber flies, grasshoppers and crickets, with a few bugs and some cutworms, and a few other insects make up the rest of the animal food. The vegetable food consists of fruit and a few seeds. The kingbird deserves full protection.

BOB WALKER OF GRAND JUNCTION

Was Always Very Homely Until He
Let His Whiskers Grow Out
And Cut Van Dyke.

Our former townsman and one time, all the time friend Robert Clement Walker who a long time since moved to Grand Junction, Colorado experienced many sensations on arriving in that land of promise, milk, honey, apples and a few other things. It is related of him (in private conversation) that in his younger days he lacked several measures of measuring up to the beauty of one Mr. Apollo celebrated in ancient literature and lore as the handsome man ever. In fact Bob was so homely that he had to go outside of Marion to get a wife.

Now if any readers of the Press (as John Franks said) has heard this story we won't tell it. "Most of his courting was done after dark, so as we were going on to say; when Bob grew up to full stature and did not get any better looking he conceived an idea and that was to allow all his whiskers to grow out and trim Van Dyke. That would act as a filler so to speak for the uneven surface of his physiognomy. As an illustration, he allowed his lashes to grow for the same reason. Mack Walker allows the bushes and sage brush to grow over his Tarvin farm. Therefore Bob arrived in Grand Junction bewhiskered. His Van Dyke was properly pointed. He felt he could hardly be discovered and wandered around with a good deal of assurance.

Now it appears that there is a Doctor in Grand Junction by the name of Collins. He also is Van Dyked and is about Bob's size and really looks like Bob.

One day Mr Walker was standing on the street when up comes a fine looking man, the man took off his hat and says, "Examine that wen on the top of my head." Mr. Walker examined it. The man says, "do you think you can cut it out?" "Oh! yes," Bob replied, "I can cut it out", and with that he pulled out his jack-knife and felt the edge. Noticing a curious expression on the man's face, he continued—"Yes I can cut it out alright but if I were you I would have a doctor do the job." "What?" the man said, "Are you not Doctor Collins?" "No," says Bob. "My name is Walker. I am a newspaper man and not a surgeon, but being temporarily out of employment I would like to have the job of cutting out that wen if you will just lean over. But the man had disappeared.

Your Optical Work.

Gold mountings in frames or rimless spectacles \$4.00. Eye glasses in frames or mountings \$4.00. Other kind in proportion. Office lower floor Jenkins' Bldg. Saturdays and Mondays only.

Geo W. Stone, Optometrist.

W. M. U. Picnic At

Caldwell Springs.

The Women's Missionary Union of Caldwell Springs church gave a picnic with dinner on the ground, Saturday, June 17th at the church.

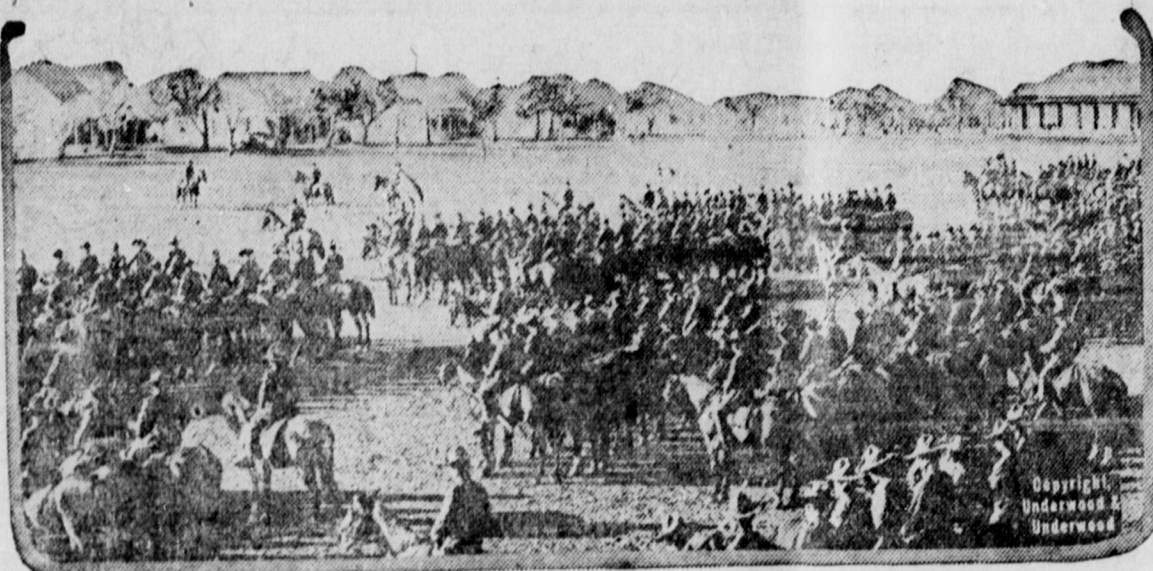
Quite a number of ladies from the neighboring churches were present and many good talks were made.

Mrs. Edgar Barnett of Fredonia gave an excellent talk on "Women and Missions."

It was learned from her talk that women certainly have a place in the Master's service.

Mrs. Alexander Hamilton President of the women's Mission at New Bethel church talked on the Women's Mission-

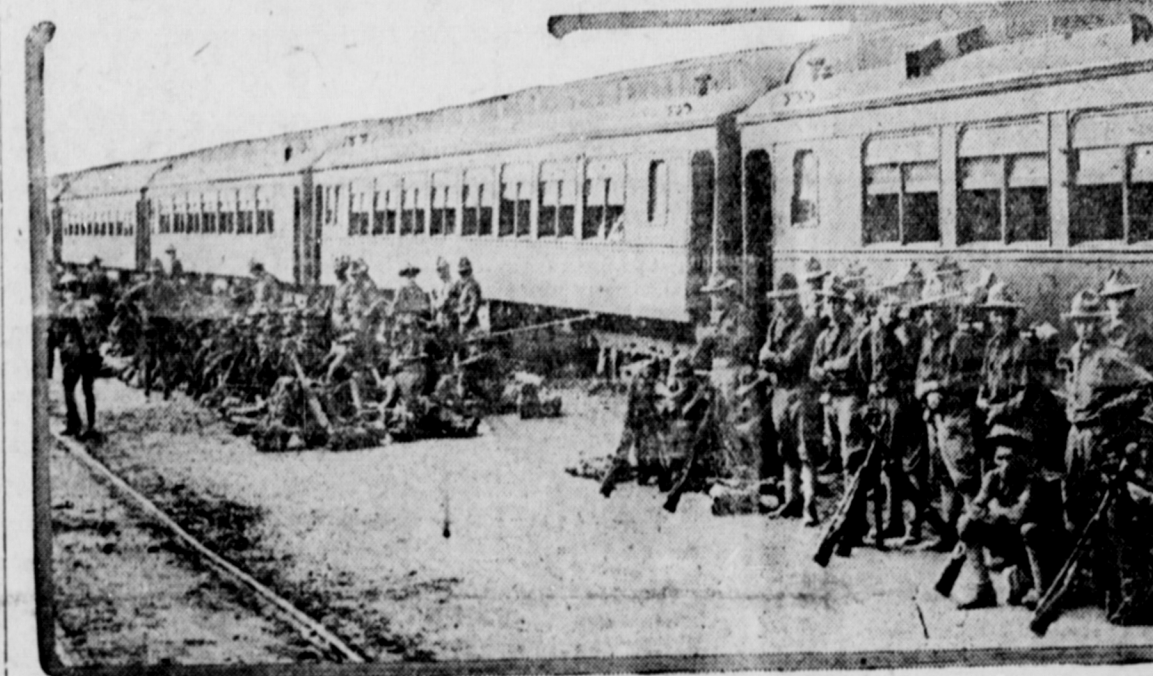
REVIEW OF CAVALRY REGIMENT



REGIMENT OF NATIONAL GUARD IN CAMP



TROOPS READY TO EMBARK ON A TRAIN



ary Training School. Much knowledge was gained from her talk on this subject.

In the afternoon the children's exercises were enjoyed by all. The W. M. U. of Caldwell Springs has only been organized a short time and we feel sure this meeting will be very helpful in creating more interest in the work.

May women everywhere realize the need of taking a part in all such work.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic, Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Cantrill Heads State Campaign.

Frankfort, Ky., June 30.—Plans for the campaign to carry Kentucky for Wilson and Marshall and the Democratic congressional ticket were set in motion at a brief session of the Democratic State Central

and Executive Committees in the Seelbach Hotel Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Besides electing Congressman J. Campbell Cantrill, of the Seventh district, campaign chairman, and T. B. Pannell, of Central City, campaign secretary, an Advisory Campaign Committee was authorized to be composed of Gov. A. O. Stanley, United States Senators Ollie M. James and J. C. W. Beckham, Congressmen A. W. Barkley, D. H. Kincheloe, R. Y. Thomas, Ben Johnson, Swagar Sherly, A. B. Rouse, J. C. Cantrill, Harvey Helm, W. J. Fields, Frank Hopkins, of Prestonsburg and H. H. Type, of Williamsburg. The two latter represent districts having a Republican Congressman.

An executive Campaign Committee was also provided for to have entire supervision over the campaign and all necessary appointments. It consists of Chairman Cantrill, Secretary Pannell, S. W. Hager, of Owensboro; Eli H.

Brown, of Frankfort; J. Forras Butts, of Carrollton, and Dr. Milton Board, of Louisville.

The county campaign chairman are to be selected by the Democratic County Executive Committees on July 1. In the event that any county fails to name a campaign chairman at that time the Executive committee is authorized to appoint. The State committees recommended to Gov. Stanley the following list from which to appoint a Democratic member of the State Board of Election Commissioners: R. C. Oldham, of Carlisle; N. L. Holeman, of Madisonville; Mack Roach, of Fulton; T. M. Hardin, of Harrodsburg, and S. R. Crewdson, of Russellville.

The members of the two Democratic Committees are: Central—George B. Martin, Catlettsburg, at large; W. A. Berry, Paducah first district; J. E. Hayes, Dawson Springs, Second district; M. S. Harris, Franklin, Third district; W. C. Montgomery, Elizabethtown, Fourth district; S. D. Rouse, Covington, Sixth district; C. M. Harris, Versailles, Seventh district; J. B. Nickolls, Danville, Eighth district; W. L. Bramblett, Carlisle, ninth district; J. R. Johnson, Jr., Pikeville, tenth district; E. M. Gatliff, Williamsburg, Eleventh district.

Executive—J. E. Robinson, Lancaster, at large; Tom Turner, Cerulean Springs, First district; W. C. Bland, Uniontown, Second district; Harry Lazarus, Bowling Green, Third district; C. J. Hubbard, Hodgenville, Fourth district; J. P. Reedy, Louisville, Fifth district; W. F. Klair, Lexington, Seventh district; T. R. Welch, Nicholasville, Eighth district; W. A. Young, Morehead, Ninth district; F. E. Fogg, Paintsville, Tenth district; J. N. Meadows, Jamestown, Eleventh district.

CRISIS FOR ROADS IN THE MOVEMENT FOR HIGHER WAGES

Would Add Millions to Expenses Of
Southeastern Lines—Public
Vitality Interested.

Washington, D. C.—"The railways of the southeast are facing a critical situation in the proposed demands of the engineers', firemen's, conductors' and trainmen's Brotherhoods which have joined in a nation-wide effort to force the railways of the country to grant further wage concessions, which would add millions of dollars to the payrolls of the railways without enabling them to earn a cent more than under present conditions or to in any way give better service to the public," declares a statement given out by the executive committee of the southeastern railways.

"The demands of the Brotherhoods are generally referred to as demands for an eight hour day and time and a half for overtime, but they are not in reality for an eight hour day in the sense in which that term is commonly understood," the statement continues. "The employees are not asking that they be relieved from service at the end of eight hours, as they realize that this is not practicable in road service, and the form in which the demands have been made clearly shows this.

More Pay For Overtime
"Thus the language of their own proposed demands is that on runs of one hundred miles or less overtime will begin at the expiration of eight hours. This simply means that if a freight train requires, as it usually does, at least 10 hours to run 100 miles, the train and engine employees shall receive their day's pay for eight hours of work and shall receive time and a half for the two additional hours.

"There is not a line in the proposals concerning road service that in any way limits the number of hours the employees are to work, and their proposition simply resolves itself into fixing the period at which overtime begins to accrue and after which they shall receive time and a half instead of their regular hourly rate.

"In a discussion of the proposed demands in the official journal of the Trainmen's organization, the following explanation of the demands is given by one of the vice-presidents of that Brotherhood:

"There appears to be some difference of opinion as to what such a proposal involves, therefore it may be reasonable to say that there is quite a difference between an eight-hour work-day and an eight-hour basic work-day.
"The first contemplates that eight hours shall be the maximum working time, and as a rule where the eight-hour work-day obtains through contract relations between employer and employee, it is the constant endeavor to prevent working overtime except in cases of necessity. It appears that some of the men in the train service are of the opinion that this is the proposal of the organizations. However, this is not the case. The second, the eight-hour basic work-day contemplates that eight hours shall be the basis for a day's work and any time in excess thereof shall be paid for as overtime, consequently under such a provision there is no limit to the hours worked. The latter system is the one proposed by the train service Brotherhoods and is in accord with the action taken by the delegates at the Eleventh Biennial Convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen."

Same Work, More Money
"The proposals of the employees, as in reality formulated and officially explained in the above citation, simply mean that they shall be paid more money than at present for the same work they are now doing. The matter, therefore, resolves itself primarily into a question of wages and consequently of increased cost.

"Applying the proposed demands to the present conditions of work would mean an increase ranging from 12 to 40 per cent in cost, as the roads would be compelled in most cases to continue the present hours of operations since changes to escape the payment of overtime would cause a higher percentage of increase than the figures already given.

"The railways of the southeast are in no condition to stand any increase in their operating expenses, much less such increases as would result from granting these demands. They already pay higher wages to train and engine employees than are paid in other sections of the country where traffic is much more dense, and they have had no part in the rate increases which recently have been granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission to railways in other territories.

"Preliminary estimates show that on some lines the increases asked by the employees would more than wipe out all income after payment of operating expenses, fixed charges and taxes. The railways would be forced either to secure increases in their rates or to lower their cost of operation by curtailment of train service and reducing the outlay for maintenance and improvement necessary to meet the transportation needs of the rapidly developing southeastern territory.

"This is a question in which the whole public has a direct and vital interest. The railways of the southeast merely ask of the public that it inform itself of the real nature of the proposed demands, and of the ability of the roads to meet them."

MAYFIELD WANTS MUNICIPAL LIGHT PLANT

Mayfield, Ky., June 27th 1916

At the session of the city council last night the Mayfield Water and Light Company presented two propositions. In one proposition the Mayfield Water & Light Co. offers to sell the light plant for the sum of \$275,000. And in the other they wish a renewal of their franchise for twenty years.

A resolution adopted by the board of directors of the Mayfield Water & Light Co. was also read.

In the resolutions it was stated that T. P. Smith and Ed Gardener are appointed and constitute a committee to represent the water and light company to confer with the proper authorities and if possible reach an agreement with them as to the value of the company's properties and the price at which the city may purchase same. In the event said committee is unable to agree with the city authorities on the value of said properties then they are empowered and directed to select an arbitrator to represent the said company according to the terms of the franchise.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE.



Out of the inky storm clouds he comes, the arch-enemy of all good farmers. There is nothing you can do to stop him from reaping his destructive harvest. Though you cannot prevent such damage you can protect yourself against money loss by a

Hail Insurance Policy

of the Hartford Fire Insurance Co.

At a very moderate cost you can have your crops guaranteed by an insurance company that for 105 years has cheerfully, fully and promptly paid every just claim.

GEORGE H. NUNN

GERMANS ARE BEING WHIPPED BY ALLIES

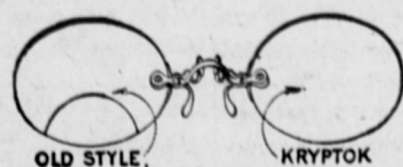
Troops of Central Powers Losing Ground on Three Fronts Says London

London, July 5.—Successes for the allies on three of the most important European fronts in the French and Italian theatres and in east Galicia are chronicled in the latest official communications.

The French and English continue their raid against the Germans in France, the French having recaptured Fort Thiaumont. The British continuing the bombarding upon German trenches with telling effects, the Russians have taken Kolomea, an important railroad junction, while the Italians continue their advance against the Austrians in the Trentino district.

Fort Thiaumont has changed hands several times before it finally rests in the possession of the French. British have fired on an average one million shells daily into German trenches for the last four days.

Dr. J. R. GILCHRIST



OPHTHALMOLOGIST

Is ready to relieve you of that headache, dizziness, nervousness, granulated sore and smarting condition and all discomforts caused by eye strain; also your eyes straightened without pain or operation; your lenses duplicated and old frames refilled. In office every day. Press Bldg., Marion, Ky.

Worry About Style If You Want To, Wear our Clothes If You Don't

We've done all the "worrying" that's necessary, about styles, models, quality, tailoring and the like. Leave those details to us,—it's our business,—we attend to it. All you have to do is to choose something that pleases you; it wouldn't be here if it wasn't right,—and good. **Our Guarantee Covers Everything.**

Right length of coat; proper shaping of shoulders and lapels; outlines, fit and general shapeliness,—these and all the thousand-and-one details that make up style, have all had our attention.

MORE NEW SUMMER DRESS GOODS

See our sport cloth for ladies' skirts.
Something new every day.

Yandell-Gugenheim Co.

LOW CUTS at LOWEST PRICES



In the best of makes and styles

Buy your hot weather furnishings here. Straw hat time, we have them.

CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS.

Marion, Ky., July 6, 1916.

S. M. JENKINS,
Editor and Publisher

Entered as second-class matter February 9th 1878 at the postoffice at Marion, Kentucky, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1877.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
\$1.00 per year cash in advance.

Advertising Rates.

50c per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising
25c per inch S. C. Home Advertising
Repeated ads one-half rate.
Metal bases for Plates and Electro
Locals or Readers
5cts per line in this size type.
10cts per line in this size type.
15cts. a line this size type.
Obituaries 5c per line
Cards of Thanks 5c per line
Resolutions of respect 5c a line
Cash
With
Copy

Encourage Boys to Stick to Farm

By C. F. DAVIS, Colorado Agricultural College,
Fort Collins, Colorado

One of the encouraging signs of the times for those who have been laboring to elevate the living conditions of the farmers of America is the fact that farmers are showing an increasing interest in plans for co-operation. They are coming to grasp the idea that success in such enterprises depends but little upon the expenditure of large amounts of money or the combining of many people, and to realize that the best way to succeed in co-operative effort is honestly and consistently to co-operate.

The question, Why does the boy wish to leave the farm? is closely connected with this subject of co-operation.

As a boy reaches the period of his life where his individuality begins to be apparent to himself he begins to take a man's view of his relation to society, its duties, its opportunities and its possibilities. He begins to form plans the realization of which will require that he have something which he can call his own, something in the form of capital to operate with.

If the boy's life upon the farm is made a term of servitude; if his schemes for future activity are laughed at or cruelly crushed, he will hasten to find a more promising field for development.

If, on the other hand, he meets with sympathetic co-operation from his father; if he is allowed to cultivate a portion of the farm alone, or in partnership with his father, sharing in the profits and the losses, he acquires a feeling of independence, becomes self-reliant, learns to apply business methods to his work, and ceases to feel the necessity of leaving the farm in order to work out his ideals.

Here, it seems to me, is an opportunity for co-operation between the farmer and his sons which promises as good and far-reaching results, at as small an expense as can be found in any direction.

THE CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

HUGHES' CHILL TONIC

(PALATABLE)

Better than Calomel and Quinine. "Contains no Arsenic"

THE OLD RELIABLE.

EXCELLENT GENERAL TONIC

As well as a Sure Remedy for Chills and Fevers, Malarial Fevers, Swamp Fevers and Bilious Fevers. Just what you need at this season.

Mild Laxative, Nervous Sedative, Splendid Tonic.

Guaranteed. Try it. Don't take any substitute. At Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles.

PREPARED BY
ROBINSON-PETTET COMPANY,
INCORPORATED.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

GERMAN SUBMARINE IN CHESAPEAKE BAY

Arrived Off Baltimore Thursday.
Trans-Atlantic Trust Co. Announces in Hungarian Paper.

New York, June 30th—The Trans-Atlantic Trust Company of this city, which has been recognized here as an unofficial financial agent of the Austrian and German governments, announced to-day in a half page advertisement in the Hungarian daily, Amerikai Magyarok, that the German submarine frequently mentioned as on the way here from Hamburg reached Baltimore Thursday morning and is now concealed nearby presumably under the waters of Chesapeake bay.

The directorate of the Trust Company includes the name of the Austro-Hungarian consul-general, Alexander Nuber von Pereked. Officials of the trust company refused to make known the whereabouts of the mysterious craft.

The advertisement reads:

"Wonder of wonders! Money forwarded to Hungary by a German submarine. One hundred krona for 14. Only Thursday morning there arrived at Baltimore a German submarine and it leaves for Europe in a few days. The Trans-Atlantic Trust Company announces with pride that from now on it will send money orders by this way and will manage to get receipts by the same way."

DYCUSBURG

R. M. Peek died at his home near here Thursday and his remains were laid away in the Dycusburg cemetery Friday afternoon. Rev. J. D. Woodson of Kuttawa conducted the funeral services assisted by W. E. Charles.

Owen Boaz was in Kuttawa Monday.

Mrs. Frank Ramage was in Paducah Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Lambert and little daughter Myrtle are visiting relatives in Cave In

Rock, Ills.

Mr. and Mrs. Edd Mitchell of Lyon county were guest of Mrs. Oda Bennett Sat. and Sunday.

ATEXAS WONDER

THE Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for testimonials from this and other States. Dr. E. W. Hall, 225 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Adv.

WESTON

Mr. and Mrs. George Thorne, and little daughter Gracie spent Saturday and Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Nan Thorne of near Lamb Illinois.

Mrs. Mat Robinson spent Sunday with Mrs. C. W. Grady.

Miss Audrey Dempsey and Harley Heinie attended church here Sunday.

Messrs C. W. Grady, Dink Sturgeon, David and Joseph Hughes went to Evansville Sunday.

The ice cream supper at A. H. Walkers Saturday night was largely attended and enjoyed by all who were present.

Rev. Lilbert McDowell filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.—Little Pansy.

How Children Can Make Money

"Besides dozens and perhaps hundreds of different vegetables small fruits, and flowers that farm boys and girls can grow for sale," says Farm and Fireside, "there are several farm animals that boys and girls can easily handle. There is good money in growing pigs, sheep chickens, other poultry and pigeons. Right now big prizes in many places are being offered for growing the best pigs. It is all right to enter contests and compete for prizes, but why not start into business on your own hook and produce something without the offer of prizes? The experience, fun, and cash derived from your work will be prize enough."

FRANCIS J. HENLY GOES OVER TO WILSON CAMP

Washington, July 3.—Francis J.

Heney, of California, a leader of the Roosevelt delegates to the Republican Convention in 1912, and afterward active in organizing the Progressive party, telegraphed President Wilson Sunday that he would work actively for the President's re-election. He declared the nomination of Mr. Hughes represented "the fruition of the corruption which was successfully practiced by the Republican National Committee four years ago," and told the President that "through your personal efforts most of the important planks of the national Progressive platform of four years ago have already been enacted into law."

United States Has 21,000,000 Men In Her Borders of Military Age

Washington, July 3.—A Census Bureau table issued to-day estimated the number of able-bodied men of military age in the United States at about 21,000,000.

The estimate is based on the assumption that there has been an increase of 10 per cent. in the population since 1910, when the total male population over 18 years and under 46 was 19,183,000. Of this number 14,224,000 were native whites, 2,857,000 were foreign whites, who had become naturalized; 2,052,000 were negroes and 50,000 were Indians.

During the Civil war, when the population of the country exclusive of the seceding States was less than one fourth as great as the total present population the number of men serving in the northern army at one time or another 2,500,000.

There are four states, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois, were men of military age numbered more than 1,000,000. In geographical subdivisions the total for the Northern States is 13,064,615 for the Southern States 6,006,139 and for Western States 1,970,322.

Cook-Carter

Last Wednesday Mr. Thos. H. Carter of Salem went to Evansville to join Miss Ruth Cook of Hebron who had gone the day before and they were united in marriage in that city and returned here Thursday enroute to Salem where they will reside, the groom being engaged in the Hardware business. He is the son of J. B. Carter one of the county's best men. The bride is the daughter of L. E. Cook of Ford's Ferry, one of

the county's largest land owners. She is a graduate of some of the state's best schools and is a young woman of fine personality. The Record Press extends congratulations.

REPTON FARMERS UNION PRODUCE and SUPPLY COMPANY

NOTICE OF DISOLUTION.

Repton, Ky., June 20, 1916.—It having been resolved by the vote of the majority of the directors in the Repton Farmers Union Produce and Supply Co., to close its business and wind up its affairs as a corporation, notice is hereby given that the business of said corporation is being closed and any person or persons having claims against said corporation are requested to present same for payment to the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors, W. S. Duvall President, W. E. Smith Sec'y., on or before July 25th, 1916, at which time distribution of the assets of said corporation shall be made among the stockholders according to law.

The Repton Farmers Union and Produce Company, Incorporated. W. S. Duvall President, By W. E. Smith Sec'y., of the Board of Directors.
476

Mr. O. S. Denny, cashier of the Farmer's Bank at Marion, was in the city Monday. Mr. Denny will be remembered as a member of the local bar and has many friends in this county.—Hustler.

Miss Era Deboe left Wednesday for Smithsboro, Knott Co. Ky., where she has secured a position as teacher in the High school. Miss Deboe graduated here last year with honors and has since spent a term at the Ky. State College at Lexington to further prepare herself for her chosen profession of teaching. We predict for her a bright future and that ere many years her name will be written high among the states educators.



The Best Straw Hats Are Here

There's a straw here to fit you -- if you're a young man we will give you a hat with just the right amount of "shape" -- if you prefer a "quieter" style we have it -- and so on down the line -- we'll fit your head, your face and your pocketbook.

Panamas, Leghorns, sailors, soft straw, milans and cloth hats.

Men's soft straws in all shapes \$1.50, 2.00 and 2.50. Men's milans 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00.

Smart cloth hats for men and boys--

Men's cloth hats 50, 75, 1.00 and 1.50.

Boys' cloth hats 25, 50 and 75.

Mayes & Cavender.



Men's and young men's Panamas \$5.00. Men's Leghorns \$2.00 and \$3.00. Men's sailors \$1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00.

A new straw for sonny--

Boys' sailors 50, 75, 1.00, 1.25.

Boys' Milans 75, 1.00, 1.25 1.50.

Mayes & Cavender.



We will bond you.
Crider & Woods.

Miss Gladys Hardy is the guest of Miss Katie Baker of Salem this week.

Cantaloupes and water melons on ice at all times, at Babb Bros.

Miss Katie Baker who was the guest of Miss Gladys Hardy last week left Saturday for her home.

Money to loan on farms at 7 per cent. Geo. M. Crider.

George Cochran of Nashville Tennessee, is the guest of relatives here this week.

FOR SALE new section honey also strained honey.
S. M. Jenkins.

Next week we will publish the county's financial statement as prepared by County Clerk, Guess and his able staff of assistants.

Miss Louise Davis of Princeton who was the guest of Miss Irma Perry last week left Thursday for her home.

Miss Virginia Rochester left last week for a months' visit to her aunt, Mrs. Lola Hackett in Evansville.

Let J. N. Boston screen your house with full length screens hung on hinges. The perfect fly proof screen.

Miss Julia Cook of Paducah is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. C. J. Pierce on Bellville street.

FOR QUICK SALE

Fine Jersey cow in full flow (six gallons daily) of milk, worth \$100.00 in gold. Also young Jersey (second calf due in August) \$75.00. S. M. Jenkins. Wilson Hill Farm.

Mrs. Felix Cox who spent several days in Paducah the guest of her son Virgil and his family has returned home.

Misses Mary Hamilton, Sarah Jackson and Mary Ray of Fredonia were the guests last week of J. E. Threlkeld, Elizabeth Rochester and Mary Dollar.

Albert Elder of West Virginia who is visiting his family at Fredonia called on his mother, Mrs. Hary Elder, and brother, Will Elder this week.

Pure blood Duroc Jersey red pigs, male or female \$5.00 each. Fine individuals will be withdrawn from market after July 10th. S. M. Jenkins. Wilson Hill farm.

Carey Henry and family of Cassville Mo. arrived this week to visit relatives and friends here and in the vicinity for several weeks.

Mrs. Creed Taylor was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. J. Frank Baker for tea Tuesday evening. -- Sturgis News Item.

Mr. and Mrs. Creed Taylor and Mrs. Dave Gilliland, of Marion attended the funeral and burial of Major W. H. Hoyt last week at Sturgis.

Miss Annie Downing of Princeton and a party of friends came over Thursday evening to attend the "White Hussars" performance on the Redpath platform.

Misses Nannie and Leona Miller who left last week for Illinois to visit relatives, are having a delightful visit and are expected home this week.

Mesdames, Harold McDonald, Wm. Barnett and Houston Orme attended the opening ball at Cerulean Springs this week.

Sam Gugenheim, Wm. Barnett, George Roberts and Houston Orme attended the Elks picnic and barbecue at Lake Rabbitt near Princeton on the fourth.

Misses Ruth Croft, Louise Clement and Marian Clement attended the opening ball at Cerulean Springs Tuesday night.

Mrs. W. W. Sloan of Leitchfield who was the guest of her father, Mayor, George W. Stone last week has returned home.

Miss Jennie Houseton of Carrsville was the guest of Misses Nellie and Vivian Stone at their home on Bellville street during Chautauqua.

R. C. Walker and son, Hickman left Friday for their home in Grand Junction Colorado after spending ten pleasant days in the old home town.

Mrs. C. P. Noggle and daughter Leona of Evansville arrived last week to attend Chautauqua and are the guests of friends and relatives here and in the country.

Prof. Fred H. Hillyard and wife have returned from the State Normal at Bowling Green to spend the vacation with relatives near Repton.

Mrs. Lemma Davenport of Hampton who was the guest of her parents, J. E. Threlkeld and wife on Bellville street during Chautauqua, left Saturday afternoon for her home.

Save the trouble of making two calls by giving us your order for groceries along with your fresh meat order. We have Heinz canned goods. -- Babb Bros.

FARM LOANS--On long time, cheap interest, repayment privileges. Also life insurance in the Columbia Life. --BEN L. YATES.

Mrs. A. F. Franklin of Morley Mo. arrived last week to visit her father G. S. Summers at the home of Charles Binkley.

Cleaning, pressing and repairing. Agents for the White Swan Laundry. Best in town. All work called for and delivered. Huffman & Cook. Jenkins Bldg.

The Wilson Hill farm is posted no hunting allowed. Trespassers are warned to keep off.

Effie Wilson Jenkins.

We have a full line of Dr. LeGear's stock and poultry Remedies, one for every curable ailment.

Sold on a guarantee by Haynes and Taylor Druggists.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gilliland left Wednesday for Marion where they will spend a few days with his parents before returning to their home at Rolling Fork, Miss. -- Sturgis News Item.

Misses Iva Hicklin, Mildred Moore and Lucile Pope, of Marion were in the city yesterday enroute to Louisville, to attend the State meeting of the Epworth League, which convenes there today for a three days session. -- Princeton Leader.

Rev. M. E. Morse went to Providence Wednesday to visit his sons, Harry and Lowell, who recently enlisted in the militia. The company will leave Thursday for Fort Thomas, where they will be encamped for from sixty to ninety days drilling. -- Sun's Sturgis Correspondent.

White silk corduroy skirts, \$7.50 at \$2.49. Children's embroidered dresses at half price. Muslin underwear. Kao corsets at a reduced price. Hat flowers at a fire sale price. Come early, get choice, at Lottie Tinsley Terrys.

G. S. Summers the aged retired Minister is critically ill at the home of his son-in law Charles Binkley near Pinckneyville.

Miss Clara Moore, a beautiful and charming young lady of the Siloam vicinity, who has been the guest of friends and relatives here during Chautauqua, returned home Monday.

R. Raily the grocer of Harrisburg, Illinois came over Sunday in his machine to accompany Mrs. Raily and his sons home. They have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Copher during Chautauqua.

Isaac Gass who gave up carrying the Tolu mail last Saturday moved from that prosperous village to Marion on that day leaving a good record. He carried the mail for twenty months and had no accidents or unusual delays, was never robbed, or held up on the road and always got there on time. Mr. Gass will now occupy his home at the foot of the Wilson Hill near town.

Palm Beach suits, kool cloth, at \$4.99, at Lottie Tinsley Terrys
FOR SALE--76 acres of land on Morganfield road near Baker under wire fence, 10 acres cleared and soiled in clover and grass. S. M. Jenkins.

Mr. Harold McDonald of Chicago has been quite ill at the home of his father in law, Wm. Barnett on south Main street. His mother was called from Chicago to see him. He is now able to be up and about.

Any one desiring concrete work will do well to see J. N. Boston and get his prices. He will guarantee to do you a first class job.

If you want the best loin, porter house or round steak, we have it. --Babb Bros.

Mrs. W. C. Carnahan and daughter of Jackson, Tennessee and Mrs. Fred Durham and little Miss Lois of Sturgis are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hubbard on Bellville street.

S. S. Woodson after eight or ten years of mail service turned the Ford's Ferry route over to Leslie Bibb July 1st. Mr. Bibb has handled the mail at the post office here and is familiar with all the rules and should be able to please his patrons.

Just received a sample line new woolen skirts \$5.00 and \$7.00 to go at \$2.99 skirt sale at Lottie Tinsley Terry's

See us for seed potatoes. Morris and Son.

best candy in town--Rudolph & Bauer's. Fresh every week. tf

FOR SALE matched team young horse and mare 2 and 3 years old.

S. M. Jenkins.

We are now prepared to handle fresh meats, vegetables, and fruits of all kinds, give us an order. --Babb Bros.

FOR SALE--Splendid saddle and driving horse.

S. M. Jenkins.

FOR SALE for barbecues picnics and graveyard cleanings fat weather goats \$2.50 each.

S. M. Jenkins.

FOR SALE--Two farms, one 211 acres near Crayne, and one 30 acres near Repton, well improved, easy terms W. N. Weldon., Marion R. 2 Ky.

Just received 25 dozen New organdie and voile waist to go at 49 and 99 cents, large collars, newest of nifty styles, at Lottie Tinsley Terrys.

White felt duck middy hats at 49 cents, at Lottie Tinsley Terrys

My land is posted all trespassers are warned to keep off. No hunting allowed.

J. Mac Walker.

The next chicken feed order you make try our mixed chicken feed you will get the best. Marion Milling Co. Incorporated.

"RECEPTION," a coffee of quality, with an aroma all its own Try it and you will thank us. ASHER & LAMB.

China silk waist 99 cents. Crepe De Chine waist \$3.00, at \$1.99. Bargain in silk waist, all kinds, at Lottie Tinsley Terry.

This is the Year For the Silo!

Now is the time to place your order for a silo to take care of your late corn.

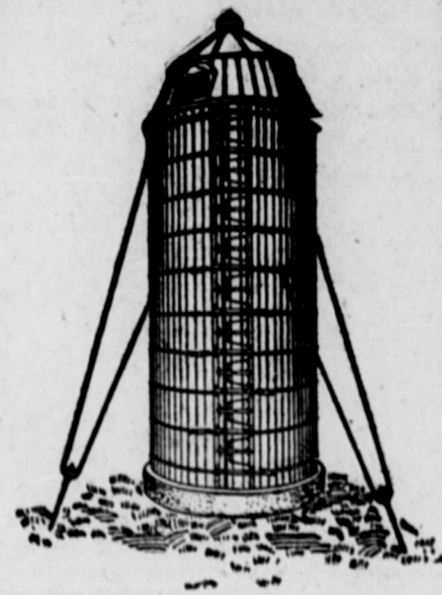
Ask the man who owns one.

Remember the King Corn Silo contains the best wood that can be had on the market. It's perfect anchor system and Hinge Door can't be equaled.

Right Now, we are making Special prices on the Silos in stock, it will pay you to write us before they are all gone.

The Boston Silo Co.,

Marion, Ky.



Muslin underwear sale, bargains at Lottie Tinsley Terrys.

FOR SALE "the best brood mare in Crittenden county," 10 year old.

S. M. Jenkins.

We get cold storage meat, shipped in refrigerator car, and have a new sanitary refrigerator to keep it in. Telephone No. 235-2. --Babb Bros.

IN MEMORY

Died at the home of J. G. Bryant June 26 1916. Norman E. Hill eldest son of E. E. and Alice Hill age 26 years. Although in very feeble health with tuberculosis his death came as quite a shock to his

loved ones and friends as he had seemed to be better for the past few weeks. Having just proved up his homestead and settled all business affairs. Intending to start for Colorado and New Mexico the 26th in search of health. But God saw fit to call him before leaving his native home. It being his wish to spend the day with his uncle and grandmother before leaving he accompanied by his parents and brother, had only reached their home when he was seized with hemorrhage of the lungs and only lived a few minutes. Norman was a bright intelligent young man full of wit and fun always cheerful and making great plans for the future when he should regain his health. But alas the grim reaper

death spared him not and we can only bow in humble submission and say. Thy will Oh! God be done.
His Aunt Olive.

Lax-Fos, A Mild, Effective Laxative & Liver Tonic Does Not Grip nor Disturb the Stomach.
In addition to other properties, Lax-Fos contains Cascara in acceptable form, a stimulating Laxative and Tonic. Lax-Fos acts effectively and does not gripe nor disturb stomach. At the same time, it aids digestion, arouses the liver and secretions and restores the healthy functions. 50c.

WESTON

Miss Stella Perry of Deventer, Mo. spent a few days last week with her cousin, Miss Ruby Sturgeon of this place.

Miss Alma Heath was in Weston Saturday.

Morris & Son

QUALITY GOODS

RIGHT PRICES



At

Beech Nut sliced bacon can't be beat.

We all know how good Beech Nut Peanut Butter is.

Try our Beech Nut Tomato Sauce, it's fine.

Nut sliced beef in glass, has a flavor all its own.

Please bring, telegraph or send us your order.

Store on Main st.

Next door T. H. Cochran & Co.

SCENE IN A NATIONAL GUARD CAMP



GO TO CHURCH It Will Please Your Wife, Your Best Friend

GO TO CHURCH.

It will make your wife feel so happy. It pleases a man when his wife GOES TO CHURCH. If it makes him feel good to see his wife GO TO CHURCH it surely will make his wife feel better still to see him GO TO CHURCH. Next to your old mother, who perhaps is dead and gone, the best friend you've ever had is that brave little wife of yours. Remember the time you "WENT WRONG." If ever you needed a friend it was then. How quick she was to forgive. When through your blunder your money took wings she FIXED UP HER OLD HAT AND TRIMMED HER DRESS ONCE MORE. Tears started to her eyes when neighbors glanced significantly.

WHEN YOU WERE SICK SHE COOKED LITTLE Dainties, SAT AND READ TO YOU, QUOTED BITS OF SCRIPTURE AND STROKED YOUR HOT TEMPLES. TONIGHT, WHILE YOU ARE ASLEEP, SHE WILL BE UP WITH THE CHILDREN. GET OUT THOSE OLD LOVE LETTERS AND READ THE SPIRIT OF THEM, FRAGRANT AS LAVENDER. TOMORROW MORNING, WHEN THE STOVE GOES WRONG AND A HARASSED FACE GLANCES ACROSS THE TABLE, BE A LOVER ONCE MORE. PRAISE THE BREAKFAST. KISS HER GOODBY AT THE DOOR. SEE HER SMILE THROUGH THE TEARS. SHE'LL SING ALL DAY LONG. PERHAPS A YEAR FROM NOW YOU WOULD GIVE ALL YOU HAVE IN THE WORLD TO TAKE HOLD OF HER HAND, TELL HER YOU LOVE HER AND CALL HER YOUR OLD SWEETHEART. BUT, TOO LATE! SHE'S GONE FOREVER!

Make your wife happy by GOING TO CHURCH next Sunday. GO TO CHURCH with her if possible, but GO TO CHURCH if you have to GO TO CHURCH alone. It is in the house of God that you'll find consolation. It is there that you'll find happiness. It is there that you will be instilled with courage to fight the battle of life. Make your wife feel happy. Be happy yourself. GO TO CHURCH.

If Washington and Lincoln Were Right, Then Wilson is Right, Glynn Asserts.

Here are paragraphs from

Chairman Glynn's speech, in which he defends the policy of President Wilson in his negotiations with warring nations in Europe:

The president of the United

States stands to-day where the men who made and saved America stood. He stands where John Adams stood.

If Washington was right, if Jefferson is right, if Hamilton was right, if Lincoln was right, then the president of the United States is right to-day; if the Republican leaders are right, then Lincoln was wrong, Jefferson was wrong, Hamilton was wrong and Washington was wrong.

One hundred and twenty years ago, when Europe went mad with war as it has gone mad to-day, Jefferson pointed to the north star of our neutrality when he said "in the present maniac state of Europe we should not estimate the point of honor by the ordinary scale." The reasoning which made this a sound rule in "the maniac state of Europe" in Jefferson's day makes it an equally strong rule in "the maniac state of Europe" to-day.

Neutrality is the policy which has kept us at peace while Europe has been driving the nails of war through the hands and feet of a crucified humanity.

For enforcing this policy of neutrality, George Washington was hooted at by a howling mob of 10,000 war fanatics, who threatened to pull him from the presidential chair and start a revolution. But half a century later Charles Sumner said that "Washington upholding the peaceful neutrality of this coun-

try, while he met unmoved the clamor of the people wickedly crying for war, is a greater man than Washington crossing the Delaware or taking Cornwallis' sword at Yorktown."

For supporting this policy of neutrality in a speech in the City of New York, Alexander Hamilton was stoned almost to death, John Jay burned in effigy, Jefferson called a spineless poltroon, and Lincoln pictured as a craven. To-day, however, the nation goes to all these men for its every conception of all that is best in American citizenship.

EIGHT SONS TO GO FROM ONE FAMILY

A Patriotic Mother Who Does Not Grieve To See Her Sons Go

Chicago, June 23.—Chicago will send eight sons from one family to the front as its show of patriotism.

"They are all Americans and have got to fight," said the father, Alphonse Bourdon, a French Canadian by birth. "I am glad they are willing to go without any urging," said the mother.

The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak

Old people who are feeble, and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the depressing heat of summer by taking regularly Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. 50c.

Will Look After Crops.

Boyd Harris, a farmer living near Hopkinsville, has announced that he will assist in looking after the harvesting of the crops of young men who enlist in the army and leave their crops without attention. Mr. Harris thinks there are others in the community who will devote a part of their time to such work to the extent that any young man who may have a crop of any kind growing, may answer the call of his country with assurance that he will not lose anything by so doing. This is most certainly a most commendable spirit, and is worthy of emulation in all sections of the state.



Protect your credit. Money to loan on farms, from \$1,000 up. From 5 to 10 years. Interest averages 7 per cent.

GEO. M. CRIDER, Financial Correspondent Marion, Ky.

ROSEWOOD CAMP NUMBER 22 WOODMEN OF THE WORLD

Meet in regular session on the 2nd, and 4th, Monday Evenings in each month At seven o'clock.

S. E. RANAGE, Clerk.

STANDARD PRICES AID COMPETITION

The Stephens Bill Encourages Rivalry In Quality.

REAL BENEFIT TO PUBLIC.

False Pretense In Merchandising as Practiced by Big City Stores Is Method Used to Injure Small Dealers and to Destroy Small Towns—Dishonesty Can't Benefit Consumers.

The true competition is between rival articles, a competition in excellence, which can never be maintained if, through the perfidy of the retailer who cuts prices for his own ulterior purposes, the manufacturer is forced to compete in prices with goods of his own production, while the retailer recoups his losses on the cut price by the sale of other articles at, or above, their reasonable price. IT IS A FALLACY TO ASSUME THAT THE PRICE CUTTER POCKETS THE LOSS. THE PUBLIC MAKES IT UP ON OTHER PURCHASES. Fixing the price on all brands of high grade flour is a very different thing from fixing the price on one brand of high grade flour. The one means destruction of all competition and of all incentive to increased excellence. The other means heightened competition and intensified incentive to increased excellence.

This language, used by the supreme court of the state of Washington in a unanimous decision of the case of the Fisher Flouring Mills Co. versus C. A. Swanson, clearly sets forth the interest the consumer has in maintaining the highest form of competition—that of quality. Competition in price results in inferior quality and the evil of substitution. Dishonest advertisers use cut prices on standard and widely known merchandise to lure customers into their establishments, where an effort will be made to sell anonymous goods.

The genuine bargain is used as "bait" to spread the impression that all merchandise is sold at the same low margin of profit. If this impression can be created the cut rate merchant can sell unknown goods at as high a figure as his conscience will permit him to charge—and his conscience is elastic. Nearly every man's is more or less so where profits are concerned.

A Bill to Protect the Public.

Representative Dan V. Stephens of Nebraska and Senator William F. Ashurst of Arizona have introduced in congress "a bill to protect the public against dishonest advertising and false pretenses in merchandising." A similar measure was introduced in the last congress by Representative Stevens of New Hampshire.

It ought to be axiomatic that the public cannot profit through dishonesty or through false pretenses. The individual may make a pecuniary gain; thieves, burglars and confidence men occasionally escape paying the penalty of their crimes and are peculiarly better off. But the public, the victims of the successful criminals, loses.

The Stephens-Ashurst bill provides for standard and uniform prices on articles sold under a trademark or special brand, with the widest possible publicity for buyers and sellers. Opponents of the bill—adherents of dishonest advertising and users of false pretenses in merchandising—have declared that it will encourage monopoly and prevent competition. They have tried to make consumers believe that it will increase the cost of living, that it will raise the price of everything sold in any sort of store.

No Monopoly Possible.

The bill does not encourage monopoly, because producers who have a monopoly of any particular line or who make an agreement with a competitor to maintain prices are barred from taking advantage of the privilege of preventing discrimination by contracting for the resale of their goods at uniform prices. A monopoly, no matter how it is gained, cannot do business under the terms of the Stephens bill.

On the other hand, cutthroat competition in price has always been the chief weapon of monopoly.

The bill will not raise prices and increase the cost of living. Producers already have the right to sell their goods at wholesale at any price they can get, at what they are worth. The proposed legislation merely permits the producer to control the retail price, and if he puts this too high—higher than the public is willing to pay—then his goods will not be sold and he loses.

The cut price storekeeper that sells goods at a loss does not stand the loss; he passes it on to his customers. What he loses on one article is made up, or more than made up, on another. The use of cut prices on standard articles for the purpose of drawing customers into the store with the intention of selling them something else, that is where "dishonest advertising" is found and where "false pretenses in merchandising" injures the public.

Cut rates by big department stores enable them to kill off the small store and the small towns. Those residents of rural communities, villages and the lesser cities who want to see their home folks injured that the large cities may grow richer and larger should naturally oppose the Stephens bill. Those who desire to see their own vicinities prosper should support the principle of uniform standard prices.

A Harrowing Tale

The following story comes to us from the columns of an exchange, and we print it as an awful warning! We know that it is true, because it is printed in a news paper, and, besides we ourselves know people who would borrow a paper rather than subscribe for a paper; and if these two facts are not a guarantee of veracity, we'd like to know what would be! The story is as follows: "Once upon a time, a man who was too economical to subscribe for a paper sent his little boy to borrow the one taken by a neighbor. In his haste, the boy ran over a sour dollar stand of bees, and in ten minutes looked like a watery summer squash. His cries reached his father, who ran to his assistance, and, failing to see a barb-wire fence, ran into it and, breaking it down cutting a handful of flesh from his abdomen, and ruining a five dollar pair of pants. The old cow taking advantage of the gap in the fence got into the corn field and killed herself eating green corn. Hearing the racket, his wife ran, upsetting a four gallon churn full of rich cream into a basket of kittens, drowning the whole flock. In her hurry she dropped a seven dollar set of teeth. The baby left alone crawled through the spilled milk into the parlor and ruined a twenty dollar carpet. During the excitement, the oldest daughter eloped with the hired hand, the calving cow, and the dog broke seven setting hens. Moral—Subscribe for your county paper.—Exchange.

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

ASKS \$15,000,000 FOR AIR SERVICE

War Department Wants Fund Quickly For National Guard And Regular Army.

Washington, June 26th—The war department submitted supplemental estimates to Congress to-day calling for an appropriation of \$15,000,000 for army and National Guard air service. It asked that the money be made immediately available in order that equipping National Guard units with air craft may begin without delay.

The estimates show an increase of \$12,000,000 over senate figures previously fixed and \$14,000,000 over the House Committee's plan. The increase is due to a signal corps plan to outfit twelve aeroplane squadrons, one to each tactical division. Each squadron would have thirty-six scouting and air craft in addition to its motor truck and motorcycle equipment.

Choosing Silver

Artistic design, correct style, brilliant finish, combined with honest value, make

1847 ROGERS BROS.

silverware the choice of discriminating purchasers. This name-to-day stands for the highest grade of plate and exquisite beauty of patterns, assuring long years of service and satisfaction. Its remarkable durability has won it the popular title "Silver Plate that Wears."

Sold by leading dealers everywhere. Send for catalogue "Choosing Silver" all postpaid.

International Silver Co., Waterbury, Conn.

STRENGTH AND EFFICIENCY OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND MILITIA

Peace Footing of the Organized Citizen soldiery and Methods of Increase.

GREAT activity in regard to the United States militia marked the year 1914, and great progress was made toward the creation of an efficient field force. While the commissioned strength suffered diminution—partly due to the elimination of surplus staff officers—the enlisted strength greatly increased, due in measure to an anticipation of immediate active service. As a precaution for efficiency the use of typhoid prophylactic was undertaken on an extended scale during the year. Nearly 30,000 members of the militia were inoculated with the serum. Within the year also considerable progress was made in preparing the necessary forms and instructions for the induction of the militia into the service of the United States. The following table shows the strength of the organized militia in 1914 as reported by inspecting officers:

Numbers in Militia.	
Officers.	Enlisted men.
Alabama.....	153
Arizona.....	45
Arkansas.....	109
California.....	252
Colorado.....	122
Connecticut.....	177
Delaware.....	41
District of Columbia.....	124
Florida.....	73
Georgia.....	225
Hawaii.....	56
Idaho.....	58
Illinois.....	508
Indiana.....	103
Iowa.....	217
Kansas.....	132
Kentucky.....	164
Louisiana.....	65
Maine.....	108
Maryland.....	157
Massachusetts.....	424
Michigan.....	189
Minnesota.....	230
Mississippi.....	34
Missouri.....	244
Montana.....	40
Nebraska.....	122
Nevada.....	41
New Hampshire.....	90
New Jersey.....	304
New Mexico.....	57
New York.....	974
North Carolina.....	209
North Dakota.....	60
Ohio.....	490
Oklahoma.....	77
Oregon.....	100
Pennsylvania.....	745
Rhode Island.....	56
South Carolina.....	156
South Dakota.....	68
Tennessee.....	117
Texas.....	192
Utah.....	38
Vermont.....	75
Virginia.....	206
Washington.....	88
West Virginia.....	104
Wisconsin.....	134
Wyoming.....	53
Total.....	5,732

The report (1914) of the secretary of war gives a total of 8,323 officers and 119,087 enlisted men.

It is an error to suppose that the nominal strength of the national guard is all there is to it for effectiveness. A peace strength is recognized and also an emergency or war strength. For instance, the ten company regiment of peace is increased to twelve companies for war, and the fifty to sixty men company is recruited up to 100 men. Then there is what may be called an untabulated or unassigned reserve, comprising men who have had one to three years' training in the guard and have been discharged, but consider themselves members of the guard and will volunteer to join their former regiment or any guard regiment not filled to the maximum. This gives cohesion to the force, the partially trained dropping in alongside of the thoroughly trained men.

How Militia is Officered.
It is safe to say that the national guard can muster within a few days upward of 300,000 well and partially

trained soldiers. From among these efficient men there will be selected under the admirable new volunteer army law the first and second lieutenants and the captains of entirely new companies recruited among the unorganized national guardsmen. These new commissioned officers will be efficient privates or active corporals and sergeants from the ranks of the national guard regiments.

Thus with the standing national guard regiments recruited to war strength, which is easily double the peace strength, and thousands of guard noncommissioned officers scattered through the new volunteer regiments of the same territorial sections as commissioned officers of companies, national guard efficiency will be exerted over a force estimated at 500,000 to 700,000 men.

Major General O'Ryan, commanding the national guard of New York state, in a recent article declared that the militia today is 100 per cent better than at the time of the Spanish-American war and that the time to talk of a militia camp as a place for revel and frolic is past. He goes on to say:

"This question of our national defense slumbers down to a necessity for more militia, properly organized and trained, and to a system of reserves for the army and the militia. Twelve divisions comprising about 350,000 men would be the ideal number. To create such a fighting machine would involve comparatively little expense. The primary result would be an adequate army. But the result would be much more than that. It would mean a backbone of quiet patriotism and a knowledge of what war means. The latter would make any half baked popular demand for war less possible."

Opinions of Governors.

The question of increasing the militia forces of the country is one that has been the subject of much controversy of late. Recently the New York Times submitted this question to a number of governors of various states. Most of the governors sent answers advocating an increase of the militia forces. In his reply Governor Walsh of Massachusetts says:

"Additional militia troops to the number of 100,000 men should be organized to make up the deficiency in the different branches of the service, so that tactical divisions throughout the country would be complete. A campaign of publicity should be begun at once in this country, in order to acquaint Americans with the militia and to inform them of its needs."

Governor Willis of Ohio says: "For state purposes the Ohio national guard carries probably enough units to take care of any internal or local difficulties, but as an integral part of a national defense it would be the part of wisdom to increase the units not only in this state, but in all other states. To accomplish this federal assistance and federal control and supervision to a greater degree are necessary."

"Our national form of government is such as to make it unwise to maintain a large standing army. It is also true that national preparedness for defense is a question that cannot lightly be turned aside or overlooked. It is tremendously important that our government take reasonable and prompt steps to acquire a reasonable sized, mobile, trained soldiery. This can be accomplished more quickly, more easily and more properly, also with less expense, through the national guard of the country than in any other way yet thought of and suggested."

The secretary of war in his last report says:

"If all of the national guard could be summoned in the event of war and should all respond (an inconceivable result) and if they were all found fairly efficient in the first line—that is, the troops who would be expected immediately to take the field—we could summon a force in this country of regulars and national guard amounting to 9,818 officers and 159,492 men."

The plan, approved by the war department, for the organization of four field armies of three divisions each, which plan gives the number of troops of all arms that each state would be called upon to provide immediately for the national defense in the event of a national crisis, has been transmitted to the national guard commanders.

Doubling the National Guard.

The plan which has been transmitted to the national guard commanders contemplates an army, including regulars and militia, of 316,264 men, which means almost doubling the present force of the national guard.

Under present laws and arrangements the federal government has about reached its limit of effectiveness in dealing with the forty-eight separate and distinct forces. It has no power to direct the course of training, the composition of the several forces and their balancing of arms, and it is more or less helpless in its authority over the arms and munitions issued to the states. In some states there have been disputes as to its right to direct the expenditures of the federal funds appropriated by acts of congress. At the present time the federal government cannot remove inefficient guard officers or reward the efficient officers.

Other features of the system which regular army officers have criticized as impairing its efficiency for service in war are pointed out by General W. H. Carter in his recently published book, "The American Army." Says the author:

"The act of May 27, 1908, contains a limitation upon military efficiency peculiarly embarrassing when the extent and distribution of the forty-eight states are considered. 'When the military needs of the federal government arising from the necessity to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrection or repel invasion cannot be met by the regular force the organized militia shall be called into the service of the United States in advance of any volunteer forces which it may be determined to raise.'"

America's Land Forces.

"The most recent statute relating to the war establishment, the act of April 25, 1914, provides for raising the volunteer forces of the United States in time of actual or threatened hostilities and definitely prescribes that the land forces of the United States shall consist of the regular army, the organized land militia while in the service of the United States and such volunteer forces as congress may authorize. The new statute modifies the act of May 27, 1908, to the extent that after the organized land militia of any arm or class shall have been called into the military service of the United States volunteers of that particular arm or class may be raised and accepted into service in accordance with the terms of the act regardless of the extent to which other arms or classes of militia shall have been called into service. It should be borne in mind that for any military operations beyond our borders the militia cannot be called into service, but must volunteer, so that until the members of each organization decide whether or not three-fourths of the minimum number prescribed as the strength of the particular unit will volunteer the president is debarred from calling volunteers of similar arms or classes. All this, be it observed, is to take place after war is upon the nation."

Photo by American Press Association. MAJOR GENERAL JOHN F. O'RYAN, COMMANDER NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD.

rate and distinct forces. It has no power to direct the course of training, the composition of the several forces and their balancing of arms, and it is more or less helpless in its authority over the arms and munitions issued to the states. In some states there have been disputes as to its right to direct the expenditures of the federal funds appropriated by acts of congress. At the present time the federal government cannot remove inefficient guard officers or reward the efficient officers.

Other features of the system which regular army officers have criticized as impairing its efficiency for service in war are pointed out by General W. H. Carter in his recently published book, "The American Army." Says the author:

"The act of May 27, 1908, contains a limitation upon military efficiency peculiarly embarrassing when the extent and distribution of the forty-eight states are considered. 'When the military needs of the federal government arising from the necessity to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrection or repel invasion cannot be met by the regular force the organized militia shall be called into the service of the United States in advance of any volunteer forces which it may be determined to raise.'"

America's Land Forces.

"The most recent statute relating to the war establishment, the act of April 25, 1914, provides for raising the volunteer forces of the United States in time of actual or threatened hostilities and definitely prescribes that the land forces of the United States shall consist of the regular army, the organized land militia while in the service of the United States and such volunteer forces as congress may authorize. The new statute modifies the act of May 27, 1908, to the extent that after the organized land militia of any arm or class shall have been called into the military service of the United States volunteers of that particular arm or class may be raised and accepted into service in accordance with the terms of the act regardless of the extent to which other arms or classes of militia shall have been called into service. It should be borne in mind that for any military operations beyond our borders the militia cannot be called into service, but must volunteer, so that until the members of each organization decide whether or not three-fourths of the minimum number prescribed as the strength of the particular unit will volunteer the president is debarred from calling volunteers of similar arms or classes. All this, be it observed, is to take place after war is upon the nation."

America's Land Forces.

"The most recent statute relating to the war establishment, the act of April 25, 1914, provides for raising the volunteer forces of the United States in time of actual or threatened hostilities and definitely prescribes that the land forces of the United States shall consist of the regular army, the organized land militia while in the service of the United States and such volunteer forces as congress may authorize. The new statute modifies the act of May 27, 1908, to the extent that after the organized land militia of any arm or class shall have been called into the military service of the United States volunteers of that particular arm or class may be raised and accepted into service in accordance with the terms of the act regardless of the extent to which other arms or classes of militia shall have been called into service. It should be borne in mind that for any military operations beyond our borders the militia cannot be called into service, but must volunteer, so that until the members of each organization decide whether or not three-fourths of the minimum number prescribed as the strength of the particular unit will volunteer the president is debarred from calling volunteers of similar arms or classes. All this, be it observed, is to take place after war is upon the nation."

Lost Strayed or Stolen

One red and black spotted scow pig about six weeks old and weight about 25 lbs. two rings in nose, Reward—S. M. Jenkins

A Wedding Invitation.

Friends in the city received this week invitations reading as follows:

"The honour of your presence is requested at the marriage of Della Kevil Stevers to Mr. Edwin Smith Sanders on Wednesday morning, July the nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at eight forty-five o'clock Lake Junaluska, North Carolina At Home Smithfield, N. C."

This will be a surprise to the many friends of the bride who was born in this county and reared here. Since the death of her husband she has been practicing her profession, Osteopathy, at Fulton Ky. and no one here suspected that Cupid was getting in his work. She is a handsome woman of noble christian character and will make a happy home for the man she has chosen. We do not know the groom but congratulate him as he should be.

Dr. Fred LaRue Will Become Head of Western State Hospital

Dr. Fred LaRue, of Smithland Ky., will on August 1st succeed Dr. H. P. Sights, who has for the last seven years been the superintendent of the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane. Dr. LaRue was here last week and Dr. Sights was expected to be relieved July 1st but the date for making the change was postponed. Dr. Sights is a Republican but so nonpartisan in his work that he is immensely popular with people of all parties. He will return to his former home at Paducah, but is preparing to open a sanitarium at Dawson in the near future.

Dr. LaRue is a Democrat and is a leading and successful physician of the first district. He is unmarried and his mother will live with him at the Hospital.

At the same time other changes hitherto announced will be made.

Dr. Roy Robinson will retire as assistant physician and will be succeeded by Dr. W. W. Durham, of this county, and Sam Byers, of Todd county will succeed W. J. Chiles as steward. —Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

W. I. Cruce of Ardmore Okla. arrived Wednesday to visit his brother-in-law, J. I. Clement and his many friends and relatives here and in the county. This is Mr. Cruce's first visit in years and his old neighbors are giving him a hearty welcome.

Roy Thurmond, Sherdie Lewis, Willie and Jeff Samuels, Autie and Lexie Harmon, all of the Repton vicinity spent the 4th. at the Kuttawa Mineral Springs and took in the big barbecue. Before returning home the party drove to Eddyville and made an inspection of the State prison at that point. Mr. Thurmond's "Buick" made the trip in fine shape, making the run from Eddyville to this point in a little over an hour.

DEATHS

Mrs. Sallie Moore, widow of James P. Moore died at her home 4 miles from the city on the Salem Road Tuesday night. Her youngest son, James Head and his family lived with her. H. C. Moore of Hopkinsville is her son, also W. L. Moore of this county. Three daughters survive her, Mrs. Chas. Donakey of Tolu, Mrs. C. W. Love of Sheridan and Mrs. G. F. Foster of this city. The funeral will be conducted at the family residence at 9 o'clock this morning and interment in Love graveyard at noon.

GREAT NATIONAL "AERIAL DERBY" IS BEING PLANNED

Race by Aeroplane From Atlantic to Pacific Will Start Early in the Fall.

BIG CASH PRIZES OFFERED

Interest Intense Among Aviators and Manufacturers of Aeroplanes—Rivalry Among Cities Across Continent for Designated Place on Route of Racers.

New York.—Not only has the picturesque history-making project of an aerial race from the Atlantic to the Pacific seized the imagination of the entire country and attracted the interest and indorsement of United States senators and representatives and governors of many states and started rivalries among cities across the continent for a designated place on the route of the racers, but, as may be imagined, the interest has become intense among aviators and the manufacturers of aeroplanes and motors.

Inquiry upon inquiry has poured into the Aero Club of America regarding details of the transcontinental aeroplane competition for the Pulitzer cup and the cash prizes, the first of which is \$20,000.

To meet the special and public demand for information as to how this great national aerial derby is to be conducted, the Aero Club of America sets forth the project with its patriotic and progressive objects and tentative details for the officials are still holding themselves open to suggestions from aviators and firms entering their brands of machines—have formulated the rules and conditions of the contest.

Many Important Prizes.

"The Aero Club of America," the statement reads, "has offered a first prize of \$20,000 to be awarded the aviator winning the contest under the conditions to be herewith described. There will be about fifteen 'controls' (landing stations) on the route, and each city which is made a control will give prizes, making a total of from \$100,000 to \$150,000, from which fund eight principal prizes and other special prizes will be awarded—the first eight as follows: First prize, \$20,000; second, \$15,000; third, \$10,000; fourth, \$7,500; fifth, \$5,000; sixth, \$2,500; seventh, \$2,000; eighth, \$1,500."

Special prizes will be given for the best time between controls and for the best demonstration with radio, sending messages to land stations, for the making of maps for the war department and of photographic films for aeronautical maps of the first great aerial highway.

The winner of the Pulitzer trophy will, of course, be the first aviator who lands at the final control on the Pacific coast. But when it comes to the awarding the cash prizes certain penalizations of time are to be considered for changes in the motor and aeroplane parts of the machine during their transcontinental journey. A set of these penalizations regarding motor changes, repairs and alterations has already been tentatively drawn up, forming, as nearly as possible, a consensus of the suggestions of entrants and aeroplane makers.

Many Landings.

Whatever the route chosen, the distance between controls east of, say, Kansas City, will not be more than 350 miles, and in desert and mountainous countries in the West the distance between controls will be limited to between 175 and 275 miles.

"The contest committee," says the Aero club statement, "proposes this limitation for the following reasons: To prevent excessive flying, making it possible to every aviator to fly in this initial long distance contest with safety, and to approximate ordinary conditions to be met in every-day practice, in aerial training, carrying mail, passenger carrying, etc."

"To give a larger number of controls and enable the population of important centers in different parts of the country to see the competing aeroplanes and become familiar with the present possibilities of aerial transportation."

"To hold the contestants together as far as possible."

"Each competitor must expend a minimum aggregate of hours while his machine is on the ground in the controls. These periods of 12 hours will be called 'resting time.' No competitor will be allowed to start until the 12 hours' resting time shall have elapsed. A competitor may expend as much time as he likes at the starting control, but after once having been officially started from any control, the whole time until he reaches the next control will be counted as flying time."

Saturday, September 2.

The contest will commence on Saturday, September 2, 1916, and will finish at latest on Saturday, September 30, at 7:30 p. m.

erly equipped aircraft and a licensed aviator.

"The entrance fee is \$200, and entries will be received up to 12 noon, August 1, 1916. The entrance fee of \$200 is payable either in one sum or as follows: \$100 by 12 noon on August 1, \$100 by 12 noon on August 15. Late entries will be received up to 12 noon, August 25, 1916, in which case the entry fee will be \$500. The entry form, which must be accompanied by the entry fee, must be sent in to the secretary, Aero Club of America, No. 297 Madison avenue, New York city."

"The start will be made from Sheephead bay, Belmont park or Garden City on Saturday, September 2, 1916, at 1 o'clock p. m. The order of starting will be by lot and announced five days prior to the start of the competition."

"Controls open at 6 o'clock a. m. The competitor who makes the fastest elapsed time between controls shall start first, the others following at intervals determined by the difference between the time of their respective flights and the time of the fastest flight."

"Each competitor before starting will be supplied with a time card, on which will be entered his time of arrival and departure from each control. The competitor is alone responsible for the safe custody of his card and for its being produced and entered up at each control, and for the production of same when duly called upon."

Stoppages En Route.

"Stoppages en route between the controls are not prohibited, and frequent official landing places will be established between controls, about fifty to one hundred miles apart. Competitors will only be timed from the departure from any one control to the arrival at the next control."

"Individual replacements and repairs to the aeroplane and motor may be made, but the competitors making the repairs will be duly penalized according to the conditions to be decided by the contest committee. Changing of unbroken propellers and undamaged wings will not be penalized."

"Carrying a passenger weighing not less than 145 pounds is compulsory. Equipping an aeroplane with dual control to enable passenger to participate in piloting is allowed."

"Every aeroplane is required to have as part of its equipment compass, chart holder and fire extinguisher."

One of Two Routes.

There are two routes now under consideration, the first being that following the Lincoln highway, with a deviation to St. Louis and Kansas City, and a second, or southern, route. Whichever is chosen shall thereafter become the official aerial highway of the country and, following the great derby of the air, steps will immediately be taken to establish controls or landing places along the chosen route at every fifty miles of distance from the Atlantic to the Pacific."

Following are tables of the two routes as drawn up by the experts of the Aero club:

Lincoln highway route—1, New York; 2, Washington or Baltimore; 3, Pittsburgh, Pa., or Dayton, O., especially as being the home of the Wrights, or Columbus, O.; 4, if Pittsburgh is selected, either Fort Wayne, Columbus, Sandusky or Toledo may be selected as the next control. If Columbus or Dayton is selected, there may be arranged a control at either Fort Wayne or Indianapolis; 5, Chicago; 6, East St. Louis; 7, Kansas City or Topeka or Lincoln, Neb., or Omaha; 8, Gothenburg or North Platte, Neb.; 9, Cheyenne or Laramie, Wyo.; 10, Green River or Rock Springs, Wyo.; 11, Salt Lake City or Ogden, Utah; 12, Eureka or Elko, Nev.; 13, Carson City or Reno, Nev.; 14, San Francisco. This route may be extended to Los Angeles and San Diego.

Southern route—1, New York; 2, Washington or Baltimore; 3, Pittsburgh, Pa., or Dayton, O., or Columbus, O.; 4, if Pittsburgh is selected, either Fort Wayne, Columbus, Sandusky or Toledo may be selected as the next control. If Columbus or Dayton is selected, there may be arranged a control at either Fort Wayne or Indianapolis; 5, Chicago; 6, St. Louis; 7, Kansas City or Topeka or Lincoln, Neb., or Omaha (from this point either of these routes may be followed); 8, Muskogee, Okla., or Wichita, Kan.; 9, Dallas, Tex., or Liberal, Kan.; 10, Waco, Tex., or Dalhart, Tex.; 11, San Antonio, Tex., or Torrance, N. M.; 12, Del Rio, Tex., or El Paso, Tex.; 13, Marathon, Tex., or Hachita or Bisbee, Ariz.; 14, El Paso (Fort Bliss), Tex., or Maricopa, Ariz.; 15, Tucson, Ariz., or Yuma, Ariz.; 16, Yuma, Ariz., or Niland, Cal.; 17, San Diego or Los Angeles. This route may, of course, also be extended to San Francisco.

FORTUNE AWAITS TWO GIRLS

Will of Chicago Man Leaves \$70,000 Estate to a Maid and a Clerk.

Chicago.—An unusual situation due to the death in domestic came to light when the Illinois Free Employment office announced that a man worth \$70,000 who is adding \$1,000 a year to his belongings is willing to give his fortune at the death of himself and wife to two girls—one a domestic and another a clerk—if he can find them.

He wants a girl, preferably of Swedish or German descent, for general housework and another for clerking in his store, which is in a town of 2,000 60 miles from Chicago. He will pay the girls \$2 a week, with board and lodging, while he or his wife lives.



Photo by American Press Association.

MILITIAMEN ON THE MARCH.